

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page(s)
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-3
GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	MD&A 1-5
Basic Financial Statements	
Statements of Net Position	4
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	5
Statements of Cash Flows	6
Notes to Financial Statements	7-32
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Funding Progress Other Postemployment Benefit Plan	33
Schedule of Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund State Employees' Retirement System Other Postemployment Benefit Plan	35
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	37
Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State Employees' Retirement System	38
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Other Postemployment Benefit Plan	39

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

	Page(s)
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual	40
Schedule of Grant Receipts, Expenses, and Balances	41
Computation of Fringe Benefits Rate and Statement of Fringe Benefits	42
Computation of Indirect Cost Rate	43
Schedules of Other Indirect Costs	44
Description of Grants	45-46
Notes to Supplementary Information	47
SINGLE AUDIT INFORMATION	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	48-49
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Federal Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	50-51
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	52-53
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	54
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	55-56



1415 West Diehl Road, Suite 400 Naperville, IL 60563 630.566.8400

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning 233 South Wacker, Suite 800 Chicago, Illinois 60606

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning, Chicago, Illinois (the Agency) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Agency's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning, Chicago, Illinois as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

The Agency adopted GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources and expenses; and modified certain disclosures in the notes to financial statements and the required supplementary information as discussed in Note 11 to the basic financial statements. The data for the June 30, 2017 fiscal year end was not restated as the required information was not available. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements. The supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the Uniform Guidance and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 19, 2018 on our consideration of the Agency's, internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sikich LLP

Naperville, Illinois November 19, 2018

GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Background

The Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning (CMAP) was created in 2005 as the comprehensive regional planning organization for the northeastern Illinois counties of Cook, DuPage, Kane, Kendall, Lake, McHenry, and Will. Through the Regional Planning Act (Public Act 094-510) in 2005, there was a merger of the Northeastern Illinois Planning Commission (NIPC) and the Chicago Area Transportation Study (CATS) to create the new Regional Planning Board, which was renamed as Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning (CMAP) in 2006. The merger was completed at the end of fiscal year 2007.

By state and federal law, CMAP is responsible for producing the region's official, integrated plan for land use and transportation. The agency projects that metropolitan Chicago will gain 2.8 million new residents and 1.8 million jobs in the next three decades. On October 13, 2010, CMAP adopted *GO TO 2040*, metropolitan Chicago's first comprehensive regional plan in more than 100 years to address the anticipated population growth, and to establish coordinated strategies that help the region's 284 communities address transportation, housing, economic development, open space, the environment, and other quality-of-life issues. On October 10, 2018, the agency anticipates the adoption of *ON TO 2050*, the new comprehensive regional plan for metropolitan Chicago that addresses three overarching principles: Inclusive Growth, Resilience and Prioritized Investment. These principles will provide the region guidance for future progress.

CMAP has published an annual report highlighting the accomplishments for fiscal year 2017-2018. A copy of the CMAP annual report can be obtained at www.cmap.illinois.gov.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of CMAP's financial statements presents management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) of the financial activities of CMAP during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements, including the accompanying notes to financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

The fiscal year 2018 expenses focused on facilitating the implementation of *GO TO 2040*, and the development and launch of *ON TO 2050*, the new comprehensive regional plan which is planned for adoption by the CMAP Board and MPO Committee in October 2018. Fiscal year 2018 expenses also focused on developing a new-shared fund model for the local Surface Transportation Program (STP) for municipalities and regional partners to undertake larger, more transformative transportation projects. This new program resulted in 2018 expenses in the initiation of the pavement management project, which primary objectives are to collect or assemble existing payment condition data for CMAP region federal-aid local jurisdiction roads and complete pavement management asset plans for a select number of municipalities. Other ongoing expenses were related to the travel demand survey and related data modeling activities to enhance CMAP's travel demand model, and development of a new website for ONTO 2050 with enhancements to content management and design functionality. These projects will enhance the quality of CMAP's data output for internal and external use and will provide the platform to develop more sophisticated models in the future.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The two main components to the government-wide financial statements are: (1) the statement of net position and (2) the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. These are the two major statements that are analyzed in terms of obtaining a broad overview of the finances, value and annual operations of CMAP.

Generally, government-wide statements can present two different components: governmental activities, which are operations primarily supported by tax revenues, and business-type activities, which are those activities that are self-funded. All the operations of CMAP are considered to be business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. CMAP uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. CMAP is unique to many governments since it is an entity with only one fund, proprietary in nature.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the entity's financial position. The following tables highlight the increase in net position of the entity from \$(1,529,886) as of June 30, 2017 to \$(720,992) an increase of \$808,894. In 2017 the increase in net position of the entity changed from \$(2,690,786) as of June 30, 2016 to \$(1,529,886) which resulted in an increase of \$1,160,900. The Agency's negative net position was the result of the adoption in 2015 of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*, which establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources and expenses. With the adoption of GASB No. 68 and 71, the Agency was required to retroactively record the net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to its participation in the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) and the State Employees' Retirement System (SERS). In addition, the Agency implemented GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension* in fiscal year 2018, which required the Agency to retroactively record the total OPEB liability and write off the net OPEB asset. This resulted in a restatement of beginning net position of \$(254,820).

Table 1			
Condensed Statement of Net Position			
(in thousands)			
		Business-type	
		Activities	
	2016	2017	2018
Current and other assets	\$7,939	\$7,543	\$7,580
Long-Term assets	<u>\$969</u>	<u>\$820</u>	<u>\$2,424</u>
Total assets	<u>\$8,908</u>	<u>\$8,363</u>	<u>\$10,004</u>
Deferred Outflow	\$3,531	\$3,677	\$3,135
Current liabilities	\$4,648	\$3,610	\$2,772
Long-Term liabilities	<u>\$7,801</u>	<u>\$7,094</u>	<u>\$6,136</u>
Total liabilities	<u>\$12,449</u>	<u>\$10,704</u>	<u>\$8,908</u>
Deferred Inflow	\$2,681	\$2,866	\$4,952
Net position			
Investment in capital assets	\$863	\$704	\$437
Unrestricted	<u>\$(3,554)</u>	<u>\$(2,234)</u>	<u>\$(1,158)</u>
Total net position	<u>\$(2,691)</u>	<u>\$(1,530)</u>	<u>\$(721)</u>

The statement of net position is a snapshot as of the end of the fiscal year, reporting information on all of CMAP's assets and deferred outflows of resources as well as liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of an organization is improving or deteriorating. CMAP reported \$(720,992) net position as of June 30, 2018, as compared to net position of \$(1,529,886) as of June 30, 2017 an increase of \$808,894 or 53%. This compares to an increase of \$1,160,900 or 43% in 2017. The largest component of net position reflects CMAP's unrestricted funds. Investment in capital assets represents the book value of capital assets.

NIPC entered into a new office lease in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. As an incentive to enter into the lease, NIPC was granted rent abatements for certain months throughout the term of the lease, including the first twelve months of the lease, two months in FY 08, three months in FY 09, and three months in FY 10. The benefit of these abatements is being recognized evenly over the life of the lease. Consequently, a liability is reported ("rent abatement") for the portion of the abatements received since the beginning of the lease that will be recognized over the remaining lease term. As part of the enabling legislation, CMAP assumed all of NIPC obligations and is now responsible for the office lease.

The largest component of the assets is cash and accounts receivable, which account for 73% of the total assets in 2018. In addition, the Agency reported a net pension asset of \$1,987,464 related to their participation in the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund. In 2017, the largest component of assets was cash and accounts receivable, which accounted for 86% of the total assets. The largest components of the total liabilities are accounts payable, which had a balance of \$2,226,986 and \$1,478,569 at June 30, 2017 and 2018, respectively, and the value of the rent abatement of \$444,278 and \$273,544 on June 30, 2017 and 2018, respectively. In addition, the Agency reported net pension liabilities of \$6,649,836 and \$5,692,915 at June 30, 2017 and 2018, respectively. In comparison to last year's accounts payable, which had a balance of \$3,582,858 and \$2,226,986 as of June 30, 2016 and 2017, along with the associated 2016 and 2017 rent abatement values of \$615,012 and \$444,278, respectively. Net pension liabilities were \$7,185,787 and \$6,649,836 at June 30, 2016 and 2017, respectively.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position						
(in thousands)	2016	% of Total	2017	% of Total	2018	% of Total
Operating revenues						
Grant revenue						
Federal	\$17,901	87%	\$17,569	76%	\$16,754	70%
State	\$949	5%	\$2,929	13%	\$4,833	20%
Other	\$1,587	8%	\$1,715	7%	\$1,527	6%
Contributions	\$88	0%	\$902	4%	\$937	4%
Miscellaneous	<u>\$21</u>	<u>0%</u>	<u>\$102</u>	<u>0%</u>	<u>\$12</u>	<u>0%</u>
Total Operating revenues	<u>\$20,546</u>	100%	\$23,217	100%	<u>\$24,063</u>	100%
Operating expenses						
Personnel services	\$9,417	47%	\$10,020	45%	\$10,346	45%
Operating expenses	\$1,743	9%	\$1,911	9%	\$2,034	9%
Commodities	\$232	1%	\$400	2%	\$462	2%
In-kind expenses	\$1,258	6%	\$1,356	6%	\$1,150	5%
Contractual services	\$7,151	35%	\$8,030	36%	\$ 8,745	38%
Subcontractor expense	\$0	0%	\$0	0%	\$0	0%
Depreciation expense	<u>\$405</u>	<u>2%</u>	<u>\$345</u>	<u>2%</u>	<u>\$271</u>	<u>1%</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>\$20,206</u>	100%	<u>\$22,062</u>	100%	<u>\$23,008</u>	100%
Non-operating income						
Interest	<u>\$5</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$6</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$9</u>	100%
Total Non-operating income	<u>\$5</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$6</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$9</u>	100%
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$345		\$1,161		\$1,064	

The largest component of operating revenues is federal grants. For its core operating activities, federal grants are passed to CMAP through the appropriate state agency—primarily the Illinois Department of Transportation and Illinois Environmental Protection Agency. The FY18 budget was developed with grants awarded to CMAP to support its 9 programs. Primary funding for CMAP is from the Unified Work Program (UWP) for transportation planning for northeastern Illinois programs with metropolitan planning funds from the Federal Transit Administration (FTA), the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), and state and local sources.

In 2007, the Regional Planning Act was amended and included the creation of the Comprehensive Regional Planning Fund (CRPF), of which \$3.5 million was allocated to CMAP. The CRPF was used for matching grant funds and other comprehensive regional planning purposes before it was eliminated in FY 12. Since that time the Illinois state budget has annually provided up to \$3.5 million in state transportation funds in lieu of funding for the CRPF.

The operating expenses of \$22,061,934 and \$23,008,004 at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2018 increased by \$946,070 or 4% as compared to the operating expenses of \$20,205,808 and \$22,061,934 at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2017 which increased by \$1,856,126 or 9%.

Capital Assets

The capital assets are the furniture, office equipment, leasehold improvements and software owned by CMAP. The capital assets of \$704,308 and \$436,480 at June 30, 2017 and 2018, respectively, decreased by \$267,828, or 38%. This compares to the decrease of \$159,196, or 18% which occurred in 2017. Further capital asset information can be found in Note 3 of the notes to the financial statements.

Summary and Future Considerations

In 2007, CMAP initiated the development of the Regional Comprehensive Plan, now known as the *GO TO 2040* plan. The plan has guided growth and investment for Cook, DuPage, Kane, Kendall, Lake, McHenry, and Will Counties since its inception. In addition to land use and transportation, *GO TO 2040* also addresses the full range of quality-of-life issues including housing, economic development, open space, and the environment. The *GO TO 2040* Plan was adopted on October 13, 2010. After the adoption of the Plan, CMAP has focused on implementing the Plan recommendations. The development of the next comprehensive regional plan, *ON TO 2050*, is currently underway. It is slated for adoption in 2018.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the financial operations of the Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be sent to the Deputy Executive Director for Finance and Administration, Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning, 233 South Wacker Drive, 8th Floor, Chicago, Illinois 60606.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,439,619	\$ 3,070,585
Receivables	3,835,476	4,149,189
Prepaid expenses	304,452	323,330
Total current assets	7,579,547	7,543,104
LONG-TERM ASSETS		
Net pension asset - IMRF	1,987,464	-
Net other postemployment benefit asset	-	115,171
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	436,480	704,308
Total long-term assets	2,423,944	819,479
Total assets	10,003,491	8,362,583
	10,000,171	0,302,303
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2 020 042	0.252.571
IMRF pension items	2,020,843	2,353,571
SERS pension items OPEB items	1,073,865 40,045	1,323,242
OI ED ROMS		
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,134,753	3,676,813
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	13,138,244	12,039,396
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	1,478,569	2,226,986
Accrued payroll	385,420	382,297
Compensated absences	434,073	435,713
Unearned revenue	474,104	564,570
Total current liabilities	2,772,166	3,609,566
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
Net pension liability - IMRF	_	947,551
Net pension liability - SERS	5,692,915	5,702,285
Total OPEB liability	169,079	-
Rent abatement	273,544	444,278
	<u></u>	
Total long-term liabilities	6,135,538	7,094,114
Total liabilities	8,907,704	10,703,680
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
IMRF pension items	3,204,868	333,915
SERS pension items	1,736,449	2,531,687
OPEB items	10,215	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,951,532	2,865,602
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	13,859,236	13,569,282
NET POSITION		
Investment in capital assets	436,480	704,308
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,157,472)	(2,234,194)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ (720,992)	\$ (1,529,886)

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	 2018	2017
OPERATING REVENUES		
Grant revenue		
Federal	\$ 16,754,450	\$ 17,569,194
State	4,833,289	2,928,900
Other	1,526,654	1,714,354
Contributions	936,544	902,258
Miscellaneous	11,696	101,946
Total operating revenues	24,062,633	23,216,652
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personnel services	10,345,635	10,020,125
Operating expenses	2,034,064	1,911,115
Commodities	461,636	399,420
In-kind expenses	1,150,367	1,356,247
Contractual services	8,745,362	8,029,710
Depreciation expense	270,940	345,317
Total operating expenses	23,008,004	22,061,934
OPERATING INCOME	1,054,629	1,154,718
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Investment income	9,085	6,182
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,063,714	1,160,900
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	(1,529,886)	(2,690,786)
Prior period adjustment	 (254,820)	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR, RESTATED	(1,784,706)	(2,690,786)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ (720,992)	\$ (1,529,886)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018 2017
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Received from other local governments	\$ 857,774 \$ 1,234,962
Received from operating grants	22,277,739 22,200,654
Paid to suppliers for goods and services	(12,141,335) $(12,030,761)$
Paid to employees for services	(10,631,117) (10,440,596)
Net cash from operating activities	363,061 964,259
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES None	
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	
Net cash from noneaptan intalents acceptates	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Acquisition of capital assets	(3,112) (186,121)
Not such farms and tall and advand fine 11 and 12	(2.110) (10.121)
Net cash from capital and related financing activities	(3,112) (186,121)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest received	9,085 6,182
Net cash from investing activities	9,085 6,182
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	369,034 784,320
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,070,585 2,286,265
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 3,439,619 \$ 3,070,585
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating income	\$ 1,054,629 \$ 1,154,718
Adjustments to reconcile operating income	
to net cash from operating activities	
Noncash activity	
Depreciation expense	270,940 345,317
Deferred rent credit	$(170,734) \qquad (170,734)$
Changes in	
Receivables	313,713 1,344,453
Prepaid expenses	18,878 (163,910)
Accounts payable	(748,417) (1,355,872)
Accrued payroll	3,123 39,429
Compensated absences payable	(1,640) 47,410
Unearned revenue	(90,466) 230,758
Deferred pension items	2,657,820 38,611
Deferred other postemployment benefit items	(29,830) -
Net pension asset/liability Net other postemployment benefit asset/liability	(2,944,385) (535,951) 29,430 (9,970)
	25,136 (5,576)
Total adjustments	(691,568) (190,459)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 363,061 \$ 964,259
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS	
Contribution of subcontractor services	\$ 1,150,367 \$ 1,356,247

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018 and 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

On August 8, 2005, the Illinois state legislature approved the Regional Planning Act (the Act) to create a Regional Planning Board, also known as the Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning (the Agency). The Act called for the merger of the functions of the Chicago Area Transportation Study (CATS), the region's federally designated metropolitan planning organization, and the Northeastern Illinois Planning Commission (NIPC). Effective July 1, 2007, these entities were merged to form the Agency. These financial statements for the Agency reflect this broadened organization. No assets, liabilities, and net position from CATS were acquired or combined as a result of the merger. Before the merger, CATS was supported entirely by the Illinois Department of Transportation. All assets, liabilities, and net assets from NIPC were assumed by the Agency during the merger. The Agency is a unit of local government incorporated under the Illinois State Statutes as a "special agency" form of government. The Agency is the comprehensive regional planning organization and is responsible for producing the integrated plan for land use and transportation for the northeastern Illinois counties of Cook, DuPage, Kane, Kendall, Lake, McHenry, and Will.

The financial statements of the Agency have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Agency's accounting policies are described below.

a. Reporting Entity

The Agency is considered to be a primary government pursuant to GASB Statement No. 61 since it is legally separate and fiscally independent. These financial statements include all functions, programs, and activities under the control of the Board of Directors of the Agency.

b. Fund Accounting

Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose, and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The Agency utilizes a single proprietary fund (enterprise fund) to account for its operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

b. Fund Accounting (Continued)

Enterprise Fund

The Enterprise Fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the Agency is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the Agency has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and net income or loss is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. Proprietary fund operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position. Operating revenues/expenses include all revenues/expenses directly related to providing proprietary fund services. Incidental revenues/expenses are reported as non-operating.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by proprietary funds. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

d. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

e. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Agency considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, including bank money market accounts and The Illinois Funds accounts, to be cash equivalents.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

f. Investments

Investments, if any, with a maturity date greater than one year from the date of purchase are recorded at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Agency categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Agency held no investments at June 30, 2018 or 2017.

g. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable, which primarily represent amounts due from other federal, state, and local governments in the form of grant payments, totaled \$3,835,476 at June 30, 2018 and \$4,149,189 at June 30, 2017. Accounts receivable are stated at the amount billed to the grantor or government. The Agency has determined that an allowance for doubtful accounts is not necessary at June 30, 2018 and 2017, based on management's evaluation of the aged accounts receivable. This evaluation of the collectability of accounts receivable is based on prior experience, known and inherent risks in the accounts, adverse situations that may affect the grantor's or government's ability to pay, and current economic conditions. Amounts deemed uncollectible are charged to expense.

h. Prepaid Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report, if any, are recorded as prepaid expenses.

i. Capital Assets

Capital assets consist of furniture and fixtures, office equipment, leasehold improvements, and software with an initial, individual cost of more than \$3,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets are capitalized at cost when purchased or constructed and at acquisition value when donated. Major additions are capitalized, while replacements, maintenance, and repairs which do not improve or extend the lives of the respective assets are expensed in the period incurred. Interest

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

i. Capital Assets (Continued)

incurred during the construction phase is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed. Depreciation is computed over their estimated useful lives and is charged as an expense against operations. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis and accumulated depreciation is reported as a deduction from asset cost in the balance sheet. Estimated useful lives used by the Agency are as follows:

	Years
Furniture and fixtures	5-15
Office equipment	3-6
Software	3

Leasehold improvements had been amortized using the straight-line method over the term of the related leases.

j. Compensated Absences Payable

The Agency accrues for vesting and accumulated unused sick leave and vacation time. Sick leave is earned at a rate of one day per month for full-time employees, and a pro-rated amount for regular part-time staff based on the percentage of time worked. There is no limit on the overall amount of sick leave that can be accrued. Upon termination, the sick leave accrued balance will be credited towards pension service, in accordance with the guidelines of the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) and the State Employees' Retirement System (SERS or the System). Vacation is earned by full-time employees at a rate of one day per month for the first three years, 1.33 days per month for the next three years, and 1.66 days per month thereafter. Up to 30 days of unused vacation can be carried forward. Vacation must be used within 18 months of when it is earned, unless approved by the Executive Director. Compensated absences payable at June 30, 2018 and 2017 were \$434,073 and \$435,713, respectively.

k. Unearned Rent Credit

The Agency has recognized a liability for the rent abatements received in the current year under the office lease, and will recognize the benefit of the current and future rent abatement over the life of the lease.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1. Net Position

Net position is classified into three components: investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Investment in capital assets represents the book value of capital assets. Restricted net position, if any, is legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Unrestricted net position does not meet the definition of restricted or invested in capital assets. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first.

m. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

n. Federal and State Agency Grant Revenues

Project funds authorized under federal and state agency grants are requisitioned from such agencies, either on an advance basis, or for reimbursement of eligible costs incurred, up to maximum amounts established under each grant. Revenues are generally recognized as eligible costs are incurred or requirements have been met. A local matching contribution is required for many federal and state grants. The Agency requests, and has been successful in the past in obtaining, contributions from local government agencies to provide for the local matching portions of the grants. Such contributions are generally recognized as revenue when received. Grants receivable represents amounts earned under grant agreements but not yet received. The balance in accounts receivable at June 30, 2018 and 2017 includes \$3,833,223 and \$4,144,535, respectively, of grants receivable.

o. Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the June 30, 2017 basic financial statements. These reclassifications are to conform to the June 30, 2018 basic financial statement presentation and did not adjust the change in net position for the year ended June 30, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Permitted Deposits and Investments - The Agency's investment policy authorizes the Agency to make deposits/invest in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States Government, or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, The Illinois Funds, and Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund.

It is the policy of the Agency to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the Agency and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy is safety of principal, liquidity, maximum rate of return, and public trust.

Interest Rate Risk

The Agency limits its exposure to interest rate risk, the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, by remaining sufficiently liquid to meet all operating costs, which may be reasonably anticipated. The investment policy does not limit the maximum maturity length of investments. The Agency held no investments at June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the Agency has a high percentage of its investments in one type of investment. The Agency places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The Agency held no investments at June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Agency's deposits may not be returned to it. The Agency's investment policy strives to limit it custodial credit risk by not maintaining amounts in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation limits and by securing bank balances in excess of these limits by collateral held at an independent third party institution in the name of the Agency.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the Agency will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. The Agency's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk for investments. The Agency held no investments subject to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2018 and 2017.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

				20	18			
		Balances						Balances
		July 1		Additions	Retir	ements		June 30
Comital assets hains demonstrated								
Capital assets being depreciated Furniture	\$	904,269	\$	_	\$	_	\$	904,269
Office equipment	Ψ	2,514,880	Ψ	3,112	Ψ	_	Ψ	2,517,992
Leasehold improvements		870,758		5,112		_		870,758
Software		448,784		_		_		448,784
Total capital assets being		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						,
depreciated		4,738,691		3,112		-		4,741,803
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Furniture		836,266		22,667		-		858,933
Office equipment		2,256,402		153,821		-		2,410,223
Leasehold improvements		505,315		87,077		-		592,392
Software		436,400		7,375		-		443,775
Total accumulated depreciation		4,034,383		270,940		-		4,305,323
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net		704,308		(267,828)		-		436,480
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$	704,308	\$	(267,828)	\$	-	\$	436,480
				20	17			
		Balances						Balances
		July 1		Additions	Retir	ements		June 30
Capital assets being depreciated								
Furniture	\$	904,269	\$	-	\$	_	\$	904,269
Office equipment	•	2,328,759	·	186,121	·	_	·	2,514,880
Leasehold improvements		870,758		-		_		870,758
Software		448,784		-		-		448,784
Total capital assets being								
depreciated		4,552,570		186,121		-		4,738,691
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Furniture		813,599		22,667		-		836,266
Office equipment		2,032,976		223,426		-		2,256,402
Leasehold improvements		418,238		87,077		-		505,315
Software		424,253		12,147		-		436,400
Total accumulated depreciation		3,689,066		345,317		-		4,034,383
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net		863,504		(159,196)		-		704,308
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$	863,504	\$	(159,196)	\$	-	\$	704,308

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Agency is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; illness of employees; and natural disasters. Those risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

5. INDIRECT COSTS

To facilitate equitable distribution of common purpose costs that benefit more than one direct cost objective, the Agency has established an agency-wide indirect cost allocation plan. Rates are based on a percentage of direct wages.

6. CONTINGENCIES

The Agency has received significant financial assistance from federal and state agencies. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements, and may be subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the Agency. The Agency is not aware of any disallowed claims.

7. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

The Agency's defined benefit pension plan, Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), provides retirement, disability, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. IMRF is an agent multi-employer pension plan that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments and school districts in Illinois. The Illinois Pension Code establishes the benefit provisions of the plan that can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for the plan as a whole but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained at www.imrf.org or by writing to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523.

Plan Administration

All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members.

The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (Continued)

Plan Membership

At December 31, 2017, IMRF membership consisted of:

Inactive employees or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	83
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	51
Active employees	94
TOTAL	228

Benefits

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. For Tier 1 employees, pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at age 55 (reduced benefits) or after age 60 (full benefits) with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (reduced benefits) or after age 67 (full benefits) with ten years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter. IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute.

Contributions

Employees participating in IMRF are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The member rate is established by state statute. The Agency is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer rate for fiscal year 2018 and 2017 was 7.61% and 8.81%, respectively, of payroll. The employer contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the IMRF Board of Trustees.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Agency's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017 and 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of the same dates using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal	Entry-age normal
Assumptions		
Price inflation	2.50%	2.75%
Salary increases	3.39% to 14.25%	3.75% to 14.50%
Interest rate	7.50%	7.50%
Cost of living increases	3.00%	3.00%
Asset valuation method	Market value	Market value

In 2017, for nondisabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

In 2016, for nondisabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% at December 31, 2017 and 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the Agency contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the IMRF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
	Total	Plan	Net Pension
	Pension	Fiduciary	Liability
	Liability	Net Position	(Asset)
BALANCES AT JANUARY 1, 2017	\$ 26,791,526	\$ 25,843,975	\$ 947,551
Changes for the period			
Service cost	654,425	-	654,425
Interest	1,972,337	-	1,972,337
Difference between expected			
and actual experience	490,253	-	490,253
Changes in assumptions	(895,641)	-	(895,641)
Employer contributions	-	548,574	(548,574)
Employee contributions	-	313,272	(313,272)
Net investment income	-	4,747,113	(4,747,113)
Benefit payments and refunds	(1,641,833)	(1,641,833)	-
Administrative expense/other		(452,570)	452,570
Net changes	579,541	3,514,556	(2,935,015)
BALANCES AT DECEMBER 31, 2017	\$ 27,371,067	\$ 29,358,531	\$ (1,987,464)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
	Total	Plan	Net Pension
	Pension	Fiduciary	Liability
	Liability	Net Position	(Asset)
BALANCES AT JANUARY 1, 2016	\$ 25,668,466	\$ 24,532,448	\$ 1,136,018
Changes for the period			
Service cost	605,958	_	605,958
Interest	1,888,864	_	1,888,864
Difference between expected	_,,,		-,,
and actual experience	201,427	-	201,427
Changes in assumptions	, <u>-</u>	-	, -
Employer contributions	-	607,640	(607,640)
Employee contributions	-	294,338	(294,338)
Net investment income	-	1,693,805	(1,693,805)
Benefit payments and refunds	(1,573,189)	(1,573,189)	-
Administrative expense/other		288,933	(288,933)
			_
Net changes	1,123,060	1,311,527	(188,467)
BALANCES AT DECEMBER 31, 2016	\$ 26,791,526	\$ 25,843,975	\$ 947,551

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Agency recognized pension expense of \$806,296 and \$666,487, respectively. At June 30, 2018, the Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption	\$	687,046 245,984	\$ 198,088 722,751
Agency contributions subsequent to the measurement date Net difference between projected and actual earnings		261,667	-
on pension plan investments		826,146	2,284,029
TOTAL	\$	2,020,843	\$ 3,204,868

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

\$261,667 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from agency contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the reporting year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2019 2020	\$ (68,121) (148,168)
2021	(566,023)
2022 2023	(649,262) (14,118)
Thereafter	_
TOTAL	\$ (1,445,692)

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability (asset) of the Agency calculated using the discount rate of 7.50% as well as what the Agency's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

2018

	19	1% Decrease (6.50%)		Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)	
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,184,918	\$	(1,987,464)	\$	(4,587,267)
<u>2017</u>						
	19	% Decrease (6.50%)	Γ	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1	1% Increase (8.50%)
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	4,125,785	\$	947,551	\$	(1,637,674)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

As of September 2008, employees who were eligible to participate in the State Employees' Retirement System under Chicago Area Transportation Study were allowed to participate in SERS, a pension trust fund in the State of Illinois (the State) reporting entity. CATS merged with the NIPC to create the current agency. SERS is a single-employer defined benefit Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) in which state employees, except those covered by the State Universities, Teachers', General Assembly, and Judges' Retirement Systems, participate. Although SERS is a single-employer defined benefit plan, the Agency's participation in SERS is considered to be that of a cost-sharing, multiple-employer pension plan. The financial position and results of operations of SERS for fiscal year 2017 are included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the year ended June 30, 2018. SERS issues separate financial statements that may be obtained by writing to SERS, 2101 South Veterans Parkway, Springfield, Illinois 62794-9255 or at www.srs.illinois.gov.

Plan Administration

The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, the same basis as they are reported by SERS. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable. Investments are reported at fair value.

Benefits Provided

The System is governed by Chapter 40, Article 5/14 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS). Vesting and benefit provisions of the System are defined in the ILCS. The retirement annuity is based on the member's final average compensation and the number of years of service credit that have been established. The retirement benefit formula available to general state employees is 1.67% for each year of covered service and 2.20% for each year of noncovered service. Alternative formula employees have a formula of 2.50% for covered service and 3% for noncovered service. The maximum retirement annuity payable is 75% of final average compensation for regular employees and 80% for alternative formula employees. The minimum retirement annuity payable is \$15 for each year of covered employment and \$25 for each year of noncovered employment.

Contributions

Employees participating in SERS are required to contribute 4% of their annual salary. The member rate is established by state statute. The Agency pays employer retirement contributions based upon an actuarial determined percentage of their payroll. For fiscal year 2018 and 2017, the employer contribution rate was 54.01% and 44.57%, respectively. Effective for pay periods beginning after December 31, 1991, the State opted to pay the employee portion of retirement of most state agencies (including the Agency) with employees covered by the State Employees' and Teachers' Retirement Systems. However,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

effective with the fiscal year 2004 budget, the State opted to stop paying the portion of the retirement for any state agencies (including the Agency) for certain classes of employees covered by the State Employees' and Teachers' Retirement Systems. The pickup, when applicable, is subject to sufficient annual appropriations and those employees covered may vary across employee groups and state agencies. For the year ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, salaries totaling \$636,226 and \$711,151, respectively, were paid that required employer contributions of \$343,645 and \$316,947, respectively, which was equal to the Agency's actual contributions.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Agency reported a liability of \$5,692,915 and \$5,702,285, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates. The Agency's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Agency's actual contributions to the System for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Agency's proportion was 0.0173% and 0.0167%, respectively.

Actuarial Assumptions

Asset valuation method

The Agency's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of the same date, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal	Entry-age normal
Assumptions Inflation	2.75%	2.75%
Salary increases	Various	Various
Investment rate of return	7.00%	7.00%
Cost of living adjustments	Tier 1 - 3.00% Tier 2 - 3.00% or ½ of CPI, whichever is less	Tier 1 - 3.00% Tier 2 - 3.00% or ½ of CPI, whichever is less

Market value

Market value

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

For June 30, 2017, mortality was assumed to be 105% of the RP2014 Health Annuitant mortality table, sex distinct, with rates projected to 2015; generational mortality improvement factors were added for the 2016 valuation.

For June 30, 2016, mortality was assumed to be 105% of the RP2014 Health Annuitant mortality table, sex distinct, with rates projected to 2016.

The long-term expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined based on information provided by the Illinois State Board of Investment (ISBI) in conjunction with its investment consultant, Meketa Investment Group. The ISBI and Meketa Investment Group provided the simulated average 20-year annualized geometric return for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. For each major asset class that is included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017, the 20-year simulated real rates of return are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	23.00%	5.50%
Developed Foreign Equity	13.00%	5.30%
Emerging Market Equity	8.00%	7.80%
Private Equity	7.00%	7.60%
Intermediate Investment Grade Bonds	14.00%	1.50%
Long-term Government Bonds	4.00%	1.80%
TIPS	4.00%	1.50%
High Yield and Bank Loans	5.00%	3.80%
Opportunistic Debt	8.00%	5.00%
Emerging Market Debt	2.00%	3.70%
Core Real Estate	5.50%	3.70%
Non Core Real Estate	4.50%	5.90%
Infrastructure	2.00%	5.80%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.78% (6.64% in 2016) was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7% and a municipal bond rate of 3.56% (2.85% in 2016), based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as published by the Federal Reserve. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments through the year 2073 at June 30, 2017. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2073, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefits payments after that date.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Agency recognized pension expense of \$(211,586) and \$(251,323), respectively. At June 30, 2018, the Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to SERS from the following sources:

]	Deferred		Deferred
	O	utflows of	I	nflows of
	F	Resources	I	Resources
	_		_	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	3,351	\$	180,313
Changes in assumption		587,179		118,692
Agency contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		343,645		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		4,964		-
Changes in proportion		134,726		1,437,444
TOTAL	\$	1,073,865	\$	1,736,449

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

\$343,645 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from agency contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the reporting year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2019 2020 2021 2022	\$ (602,675) (289,672) (78,698) (35,184)
2023 Thereafter	
TOTAL	\$ (1,006,229)

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Agency calculated using the discount rate of 6.78% as well as what the Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.78%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.78%) than the current rate:

2018

				Current		
		Decrease (5.78%)	D	iscount Rate (6.78%)	1	% Increase (7.78%)
		,		,		
Agency's proportionate share of the	Φ	- 000 - 10	ф	T <00 01 F	Φ.	4.514.402
net pension liability	\$ 6	6,888,549	\$	5,692,915	\$	4,714,403

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Discount Rate Sensitivity (Continued)

2017

		Current	
	1% Decre	ease Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.64%	(6.64%)	(7.64%)
			_
Agency's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability	\$ 6,882,1	120 \$ 5,702,285	\$ 4,739,505

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SERS financial report.

Amounts Due to SERS

At June 30, 2018 and 2017, amounts due and payable to SERS was \$15,473 and 16,002, respectively.

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

a. Plan Description

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the Agency provides other postemployment health care benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan (the Plan). The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by the Agency and can be amended by the Agency through its personnel manual. Certain benefits are controlled by state laws and can only be changed by the Illinois legislature. The Plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the Plan. The Plan does not issue a separate report.

b. Benefits Provided

The Agency provides pre and post-Medicare postretirement health insurance to retirees, their spouses, and dependents (enrolled at time of employee's retirement). To be eligible for benefits, the employee must qualify for retirement under the Agency's IMRF retirement plan. The retirees pay 100% of the blended premium. Upon a retiree becoming eligible for Medicare, the amount payable under the Agency's health plan will be reduced by the amount payable under Medicare for those expenses that are covered under both.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

c. Membership

At June 30, 2018 (census date), membership consisted of:

Active employees	95
Inactive employees entitled to but	
not yet receiving benefits	-
Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	1
TOTAL	96
Participating employers	1

d. Total OPEB Liability

The Agency's total OPEB liability of \$169,079 was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017.

e. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018, as determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017 actuarial valuation, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified. The total OPEB liability was rolled forward by the actuary using updating procedures to June 30, 2018, including updating the discount rate at June 30, 2018, as noted below.

Actuarial cost method	Entry-age
Actuarial value of assets	N/A
Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increases	4.00%
Discount rate	3.18%
Healthcare cost trend rates	6.90% to 7.80% Initial 5.00% Ultimate

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

e. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

The discount rate was based on the index rate for tax exempt general obligation, municipal bonds rated AA or better at June 30, 2018.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Combined Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females. The mortality table reflects recent rates developed by the Society of Actuaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation are based on 5% participation assumed, with 50% electing spouse coverage.

f. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability	
BALANCES AT JULY 1, 2017	\$	139,649
Changes for the period		
Service cost		9,479
Interest		4,183
Difference between expected		
and actual experience		(9,683)
Changes in benefit terms		-
Changes in assumptions		41,670
Benefit payments		(16,219)
Net changes		29,430
BALANCES AT JUNE 30, 2018	\$	169,079

There were changes in assumptions related to the discount rate, per capita costs, health care trend rates, and mortality tables.

g. Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and the healthcare cost trend rate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

g. Rate Sensitivity (Continued)

The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the Agency calculated using the discount rate of 3.18% as well as what the Agency total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.18%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.18%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease (2.18%)		Discount Rate (3.18%)		% Increase (4.18%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	178,620	\$	169,079	\$	160,159	

The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the Agency calculated using the healthcare rate of 6.90% to 7.80% as well as what the Agency's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.90% to 6.80%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.90% to 8.80%) than the current rate:

	Current						
		Н	ealthcare				
	1%	Decrease		Rate	1% Increase		
	(5	(5.90% to 6.80%)		(6.90% to		7.90% to	
				7.80%)	8.80%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$	156,050	\$	169,079	\$	184,336	

h. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Agency recognized OPEB expense of \$15,819. At June 30, 2018, the Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	Deferred atflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	40,045	\$	9,030 1,185	
TOTAL	\$	40,045	\$	10,215	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

h. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	
April 30,	
2019	\$ 2,157
2020	2,157
2021	2,157
2022	2,157
2023	2,157
Thereafter	 19,045
TOTAL	\$ 29,830

i. Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation

As the Agency presents comparative financial statements, the following disclosures for fiscal year 2017 are provided in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Finance Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

The Agency's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation (asset) was as follows:

		Percentage of	
Annual		Annual OPEB	Net OPEB
OPEB	Employer	Cost	Obligation
Cost	Contributions	Contributed	(Asset)
\$ 20,470	\$ 27,398	134.84%	\$ (95,339)
17,536	27,398	156.24%	(105,201)
17,428	27,398	157.21%	(115,171)
	OPEB Cost \$ 20,470 17,536	OPEB Cost Employer Contributions \$ 20,470 \$ 27,398 17,536 27,398	Annual OPEB OPEB Cost Employer Cost Contributions Contributed \$ 20,470 \$ 27,398 134.84% 17,536 27,398 156.24%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

i. Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

The net OPEB obligation (asset) as of June 30, 2017 was calculated as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 19,090
Interest on net OPEB obligation	(4,208)
Adjustment to annual required contribution	2,546
Annual OPEB cost	17,428
Contributions made	27,398
Increase in net OPEB obligation (asset)	(9,970)
Net OPEB obligation (asset), beginning of year	(105,201)
NET OPEB OBLIGATION (ASSET), END OF YEAR	\$ (115,171)

Funded Status and Funding Progress: The funded status of the Plan as of July 1, 2015 was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 158,889
Actuarial value of plan assets	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	158,889
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 6,548,364
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	2.43%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to financial statements, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

i. Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

Actuarial methods and assumptions - projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included as investment rate of return of 4% and an initial healthcare cost trend rate of 6.20% to 7.90% with an ultimate healthcare inflation rate of 5%. The actuarial value of assets was not determined as the Agency has not advance funded its obligation. The Plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized on the level dollar method on an open, 30-year basis.

10. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Agency conducts its operations in facilities rented under a noncancelable operating lease entered into September 1, 2005. The lease period extends through August 31, 2020. Under the Agency agreement with the landlord, the rent was abated for the first 12 months of the term of the lease as well as months 23, 24, 37, 38, 39, 49, 50, and 51. The Agency will recognize the benefit of the rent abatements over the life of the lease. The following schedule reflects the Agency's gross commitment for the future minimum annual rental payments. The schedule below does not reflect the proportionate share of any increase in expenses or taxes for those years.

Year Ending June 30,	Agency Payments
2019 2020 2021 2022	\$ 1,579,507 1,605,472 1,631,436 272,627
TOTAL	\$ 5,089,042

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

11. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the Agency implemented GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. With the implementation, the Agency is required to retroactively record the total postemployment benefit liability and write-off the net OPEB asset.

The beginning net position has been restated to reflect the new guidance as follows:

BEGINNING NET POSITION, AS PREVIOUSLY REPORTED	\$ (1,529,886)
Write-off net OPEB asset Record total OPEB liability	(115,171) (139,649)
Total restatement	(254,820)
BEGINNING NET POSITION, AS RESTATED	\$ (1,784,706)



SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Last Six Fiscal Years

Actuarial Valuation Date July 1,	(1) Actuarial Value of Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry-Age Normal	(3) Funded Ratio (1) / (2)	(4) Unfunded (AAL) (UAAL) (2) - (1)	(5) Active Members Covered Payroll	(6) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (4) / (5)
2013	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2014	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2015	\$ -	\$ 158,889	0.00%	\$ 158,889	\$ 6,548,364	2.43%
2016	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2017	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2018	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

N/A - Actuarial valuation not performed.

GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2018.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Four Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,	2015	2016	2017	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 825,900	\$ 671,455	\$ 595,557	\$ 537,630
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	825,900	671,455	595,557	537,630
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,123,410	\$ 6,431,154	\$ 6,761,637	\$ 7,061,519
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.49%	10.44%	8.81%	7.61%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation presented is as follows: the actuarial cost method was aggregate entry-age normal; the amortization method was level percent of pay, closed, and the remaining amortization period was ten years rolling; the asset valuation method was five-year smoothed market; and the significant actuarial assumptions were an investment rate of return at 7.50% annually, projected salary increases assumption of 3.75% to 14.50% compounded annually, and postretirement benefit increases of 3% compounded annually.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last Four Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,	2015	2016	2017	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 396,441	\$ 319,580	\$ 316,947	\$ 343,645
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 396,441	319,580	316,947	343,645
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 936,342	\$ 700,819	\$ 711,151	\$ 636,226
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	42.34%	45.60%	44.57%	54.01%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Last Six Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Annual Required Employer Contribution Contributions (ARC)				Percentage Contributed
2013	\$	52,630	\$	23,492	224.03%
2014		52,630		23,492	224.03%
2015		27,398		19,090	143.52%
2016		27,398		19,090	143.52%
2017		27,398		19,090	143.52%
2018		N/A		N/A	N/A

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

N/A - GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2018.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Four Fiscal Years

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,		2014, Restated		2015		2016		2017
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY								
Service cost	\$	675,097	\$	629,735	\$	605,958	\$	654,425
Interest		1,709,161		1,792,628	·	1,888,864		1,972,337
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(741,396)		401,518		201,427		490,253
Changes of assumptions		920,656		-		-		(895,641)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,371,360)		(1,484,519)		(1,573,189)		(1,641,833)
Net change in total pension liability		1,192,158		1,339,362		1,123,060		579,541
Total pension liability - beginning		23,136,946		24,329,104		25,668,466		26,791,526
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$	24,329,104	\$	25,668,466	\$	26,791,526	\$	27,371,067
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION								
Contributions - employer	\$	838,907	\$	773,024	\$	607,640	\$	548,574
Contributions - member	Ψ	282,021	Ψ	289,402	Ψ	294,338	Ψ	313,272
Net investment income		1,446,147		121,339		1,693,805		4,747,113
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(1,371,360)		(1,484,519)		(1,573,189)		(1,641,833)
Administrative expense/other		(549,452)		354,390		288,933		(452,570)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		646,263		53,636		1,311,527		3,514,556
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		23,832,549		24,478,812		24,532,448		25,843,975
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	24,478,812	\$	24,532,448	\$	25,843,975	\$	29,358,531
EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)	\$	(149,708)	\$	1,136,018	\$	947,551	\$	(1,987,464)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		100.62%		95.57%		96.46%		107.26%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	6,123,410	\$	6,431,154	\$	6,540,849	\$	6,961,597
Employer's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		(2.44%)		17.66%		14.49%		(28.55%)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The 2014 changes in assumptions related to retirement age and mortality were made since the prior measurement date.

The 2017 changes in assumptions related to price inflation, salary increases, retirement age, and mortality rates were made since the prior measurement date.

SCHEDULE OF THE EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last Four Fiscal Years

MEASUREMENT DATE JUNE 30,	2014	2015	2016	2017
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0270%	0.0216%	0.0167%	0.0173%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) \$	7,317,950 \$	6,049,769 \$	5,702,285 \$	5,692,915
Employer's covered-employee payroll	1,118,007	936,342	700,819	711,151
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	654.55%	646.11%	813.66%	800.52%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	34.98%	35.27%	30.58%	33.44%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

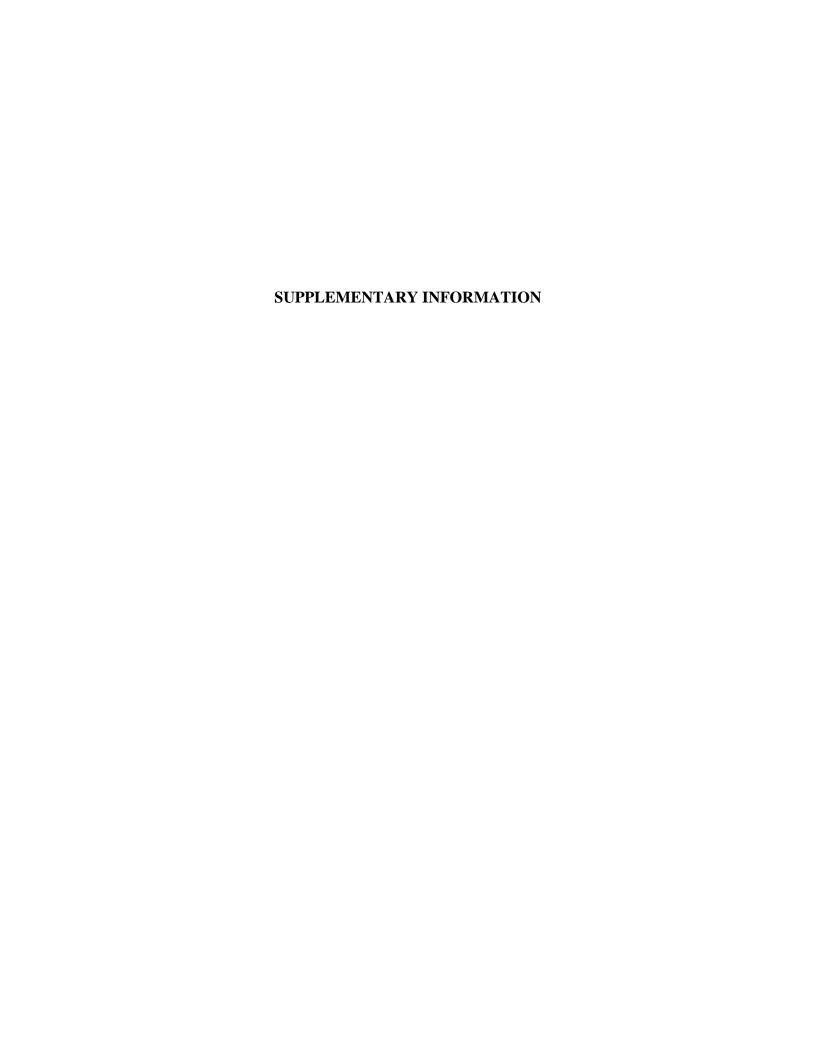
Last Fiscal Year

MEASUREMENT DATE JUNE 30,	2018
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY	
Service cost	\$ 9,479
Interest	4,183
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(9,683)
Changes of assumptions	41,670
Benefit payments	 (16,219)
Net change in total OPEB liability	29,430
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 139,649
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY - ENDING	\$ 169,079
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,261,689
Employer's total OPEB liability	
as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	2.33%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

There were changes in assumptions related to the discount rate, per capita costs, health care trend rates, and mortality tables in 2018.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 with Comparative 2107 Actual

		20	18			2017
	Or	riginal and				
	Fi	nal Budget		Actual		Actual
REVENUES						
Grants	\$	32,220,581	\$	21,964,026	\$	20,856,201
Contributions	Ψ	1,059,630	Ψ	936,544	Ψ	902,258
Product sales, fees, and interest income		5,700		15,715		16,149
In-kind contributions		1,841,078		1,150,367		1,356,247
Miscellaneous		29,400		5,066		91,979
Total revenues		35,156,389		24,071,718		23,222,834
EXPENSES						
Personnel services		11,598,464		10,632,200		10,517,464
Operating expenses		439,392		410,036		328,370
Commodities		577,156		461,636		399,420
Occupancy expense		1,846,130		1,794,762		1,753,479
Contractual services		18,793,370		8,745,362		8,029,710
Capital outlay		150,000		3,112		186,121
In-kind services		1,841,078		1,150,367		1,356,247
Total expenses		35,245,590		23,197,475		22,570,811
CHANGE IN BUDGETARY NET POSITION	\$	(89,201)		874,243		652,023
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR				(1,529,886)		(2,690,786)
Prior period adjustment				(254,820)		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, RESTATED				(1,784,706)		(2,690,786)
BUDGETARY NET POSITION, END OF YEAR				(910,463)		(2,038,763)
BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION						
Depreciation and amortization				(270,940)		(345,317)
Amortization - rent abatement				170,734		170,734
Pension expense				286,565		497,339
Capital outlay capitalized				3,112		186,121
Net increase in net position, budget to GAAP				189,471		508,877
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR			\$	(720,992)	\$	(1,529,886)

SCHEDULE OF GRANT RECEIPTS, EXPENSES, AND BALANCES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

							(Frant Receipts				Expenses		
				Total		Prior				Remaining	Prior		Grant	
Grant.	_	Grant I	Period	Project	Grant	FY 18	FY 18	Receivable		Grant	FY 18	FY 18	Balance	
No.	Grantor	From	To	Amount	Amount	Receipts	Receipts	6/30/2017	Refund	6/30/2018	Expenditures	Expenditure	6/30/2018	Status
S756	IDOT	7/1/2013	6/30/2018	\$ 4,079,730	\$ 3,603,784		\$ 422,590	\$ 210,895	\$ -	\$ 159,965	77	\$ 633,485		Open
S766	IDOT	7/1/2014	6/30/2019	2,827,500	2,415,000	1,437,110	216,981	188,863	-	572,046	1,437,110	405,844	572,046	Open
S767	IEPA	2/15/2017	12/31/2018	300,000	300,000	44,018	104,839	20,756	-	130,387	44,018	125,594	130,387	Open
S770	Cook Cty/HUD	7/1/2015	4/1/2019	750,000	750,000	342,608	79,391	73,219	-	254,782	342,608	152,610	254,782	Open
S771	IEPA	10/1/2015	12/31/2017	256,400	256,400	176,987	79,413	-	-	-	176,987	79,413	-	Closed
S772	CCT	2/1/2016	1/1/2019	150,000	150,000	22,385	91,145		-	36,470	22,385	91,145	36,470	Open
S775	IDOT	7/1/2015	6/30/2017	18,710,358	17,761,089	16,594,063	-	-	-	1,167,026	16,594,063	-	1,167,026	Closed
S775/S785	IDOT	7/1/2016	6/30/2018	20,765,216	19,815,947	16,168,665	861,072	186,706	-	2,599,504	16,168,665	1,047,778	2,599,504	Open
S776	IDOT	7/1/2015	6/30/2020	2,445,000	2,196,000	366,673	276,654	154,201	-	1,398,472	366,673	430,854	1,398,473	Open
S777	IDOT	7/1/2015	6/30/2018	300,636	300,636	-	300,636	· -	-	-	-	300,636	-	Open
S780	CCT	6/10/2016	8/1/2017	100,000	100,000	87,058	12,942	_	_	_	87,058	12,942	_	Closed
S782	CCT	2/20/2017	7/1/2019	150,000	150,000	-	-	_	_	150,000	-	_	150,000	Open
S783	CCT	2/20/2018	1/1/2019	150,000	150,000	_	_	_	_	150,000	_	_	150,000	Open
S786	IDOT	7/1/2016	6/30/2021	2,281,250	2,022,000	11,427	131,269	20,757	_	1,858,548	11,427	152,026	1,858,548	Open
S787	IDOT	3/16/2017	6/30/2019	224,151	224,151		101,20>	16,460	_	207,691	-	16,460	207,691	Open
S791	IEPA	10/1/2017	9/30/2019	248,117	248,117	_	49,742	20,477	_	177,898	_	70,220	177,897	Open
S794	IDOT	7/1/2017	12/31/2019	2,000,000	1,000,000		539,696	103,857	_	356,447		643,553	356,447	Open
						-	,	,		,	-		,	
S795/S798	IDOT	7/1/2017	6/30/2018	19,838,734	18,889,465	-	14,364,509	2,528,256	-	1,996,700	-	16,892,766	1,996,699	Open
S796	IDOT	7/1/2017	6/30/2022	1,898,000	1,758,000	-	-	3,750	-	1,754,250	-	3,750	1,754,250	Open

COMPUTATION OF FRINGE BENEFITS RATE AND STATEMENT OF FRINGE BENEFITS

For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

		2018		2017
Computation of fringe benefits rate				
Total fringe benefits	\$	2,666,243	\$	2,640,751
Total salaries	Ψ	7,994,819	Ψ	7,903,714
		, ,		, ,
Fringe benefits rate		33.35%		33.41%
Statement of friends have fitte				
Statement of fringe benefits				
Medicare		109,367		107,861
FICA		451,033		447,282
IMRF		537,630		595,557
SERS		343,645		316,947
Life insurance		48,094		47,666
Medical/dental/vision		1,099,073		1,067,319
Workers' compensation		20,363		20,166
Other benefits		57,038		37,953
	\$	2,666,243	\$	2,640,751

COMPUTATION OF INDIRECT COST RATE

For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	 2018	2017
Total indirect costs		
Management and administrative salaries and leave	\$ 1,435,579	\$ 1,330,250
Other indirect costs	2,169,872	2,030,420
	\$ 3,605,451	\$ 3,360,670
Total base costs		
Direct salaries, leave, and fringe benefits	\$ 9,225,882	\$ 8,716,876
		_
Computation of indirect cost rate		
Total indirect costs	\$ 3,605,451	\$ 3,360,670
Total base costs	9,225,882	8,716,876
Indirect cost rate	39.08%	38.55%

SCHEDULES OF OTHER INDIRECT COSTS

For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	 2018	2017
Breakroom supplies	\$ 51	\$ _
Publications	487	462
Equipment - small value	798	2,173
Office supplies	12,770	10,699
Copy room supplies	10,784	11,816
Furniture - small value	4,569	1,590
Audit services	37,742	38,850
Office equipment leases	7,779	7,779
Fiscal management maintenance/licenses	1,412	41,211
Professional services	137,078	33,973
Consulting services	29,865	45,815
Office equipment maintenance	28,084	36,982
Web-based software licenses	931	2,899
Staff association memberships	539	-
CMAP association memberships	1,155	195
Postage/postal services	518	379
Storage	6,531	6,265
Miscellaneous	1,949	1,129
Recruitment expenses	3,377	7,800
General insurance	48,781	41,897
Legal services	4,142	-
Printing services	1,720	-
Bank services fees	7,100	7,272
Conference registrations	1,900	620
Training and education reimbursement	50,370	2,075
Travel expenses	1,611	1,569
Office maintenance	5,453	5,555
Rent	1,642,081	1,607,748
Telecommunications	54,527	50,580
Utilities	60,476	57,207
Willis Tower parking	 5,292	5,880
TOTAL	\$ 2,169,872	\$ 2,030,420

DESCRIPTION OF GRANTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

CMAP No.	Pass- Through Agency	Grant Number	Description
United States	Environment	tal Protection Agency	
S-767	IEPA	604161	Water Quality Management Program
S-771	IEPA	604151	Lower Salt Creek Watershed-Based Plan
S-791	IEPA	604171	Mill Creek North Watershed-Based Plan
United States	Department	of Housing and Urban Develo	<u>opment</u>
S-770	Cook County/ HUD	DR-PL-R2-01	Disaster Recovery Program
United States	Department	of Transportation	
S-756	IDOT	MPO CMAP Competitive	FY2014 Unified Work Program Contracts
S-766	IDOT	MPO-CMAP UPP 30C 2015BOBS876	FY2015 Unified Work Program Contracts
S-776	IDOT	MPO-CMAP UPP Competitive 3-C Plan 1575103801	FY2016 Unified Work Program Contracts
S-777	IDOT	MPO-CMAP Planning 3-C Community Planning & Research 1575104101	FY2016 State Planning Grant

DESCRIPTION OF GRANTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

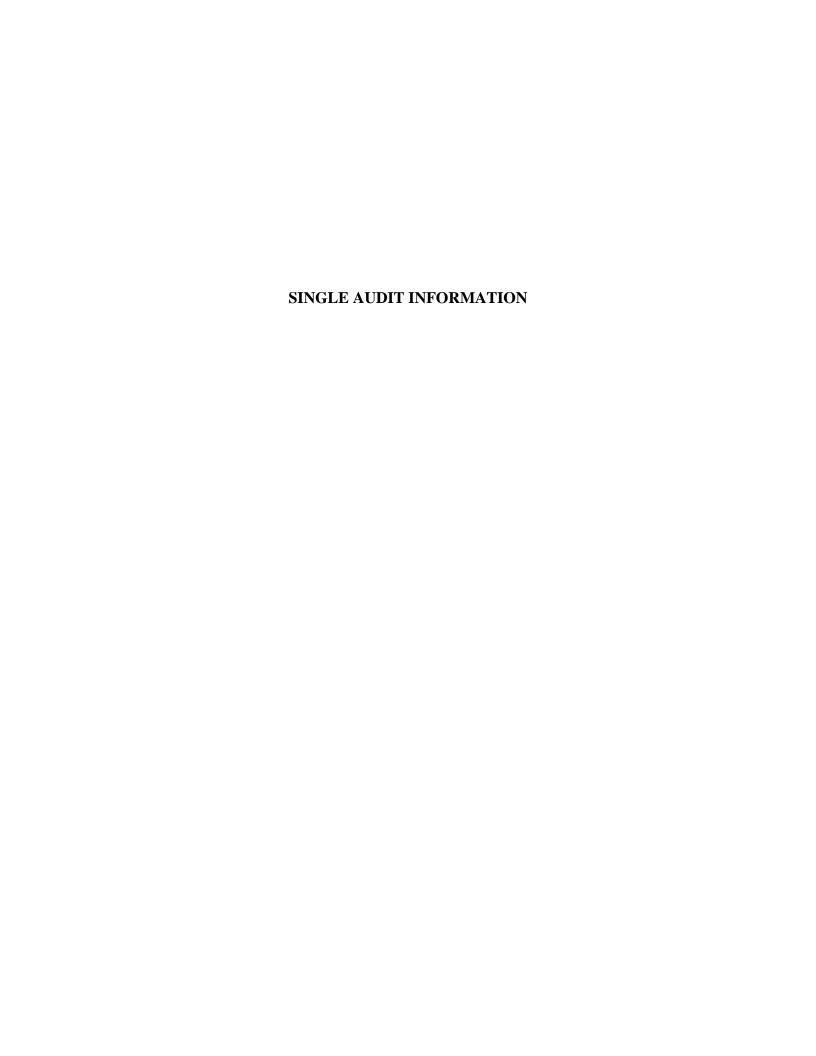
CMAP No.	Pass- Through Agency	Grant Number	Description
United States	<u>Department</u>	of Transportation (Continued	1)
S-775-S-785	IDOT	MPO-CMAP Planning 3-C Operations 1675105101/1875100501	FY2016 and FY2017 Operations
S-786	IDOT	MPO-CMAP Planning 3-C Competitive 1675105201	FY2017 Unified Work Program Contracts
S-787	IDOT	MPO Community Planning & Research 1775103301	FY2017 State Planning Grant
S-795	IDOT	MPO-CMAP Operations MPO-CMAP OPN FY18 3- C 1775106601	FY2018 Operations
S-796	IDOT	MPO-CMAP Competitive MPO-CMAP OPN FY18 3- C 1775106701	FY2018 Unified Work Program Contracts
The Chicago	Community 1	<u> Frust</u>	
S-772		C2016-10171	Sustainable Development
S-780		C2016-10920	Sustainable Development
S-782		C2017-12201	Sustainable Communities
S-783		C2018-16496	Sustainable Communities

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2018

BUDGETS

The Executive Director presents an annual operating budget, first to the Executive Committee, and later to the full Board of Directors. The Board of Directors approves the budget prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. The Executive Committee serves as the audit and finance committee for the Board of Directors and approves revisions to the annual budget. At a minimum, the Executive Committee considers revisions when reviewing the six-month financial report. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP, except that the Agency budgets for capital outlay expenses and does not budget for depreciation and amortization. In addition, the Agency does not budget for pension and other postemployment benefit expense under GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 75, respectively. The various funding sources have different beginning and ending dates funding the activities. The budget was approved on June 14, 2017.





1415 West Diehl Road, Suite 400 Naperville, IL 60563 630.566.8400

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning Chicago, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning, Chicago, Illinois (the Agency) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 19, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's basic financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sikich LLP

Naperville, Illinois November 19, 2018



1415 West Diehl Road, Suite 400 Naperville, IL 60563 630.566.8400

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning Chicago, Illinois 60606

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning, Chicago, Illinois' (the Agency) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The Agency's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Agency's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Agency's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Agency's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Agency is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Agency's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonably possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sikich LLP

Naperville, Illinois November 19, 2018

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-Through Number	Federal Expenditure	Amount Provided to Subrecipients
MAJOR PROGRAMS				
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Pass-through programs from:				
Illinois Department of Transportation:				
Unified Work Program for Planning and Programming				
Transportation Planning Activities -				
Other Agencies	20.505	MPO-CMAP Operations OPN FY18 3-C 1775106601	\$ 1,529,765	\$ 1,529,765
Unified Work Program for Planning and Programming				
Transportation Planning Activities	20.505	MPO-CMAP Operations OPN FY18 3-C 1775106601	957,027	-
Unified Work Program Consulting Services	20.505	MPO-CMAP Competitive FY18 3-C 1775106701	3,000	-
Unified Work Program Consulting Services -				
Other Agencies	20.505	MPO-CMAP Competitive FY18 3-C 1775106701	-	-
Unified Work Program Consulting Services	20.505	MPO-CMAP UPP Competitive 3-C Plan (1675105201) 1775103211	5,301	-
Unified Work Program Consulting Services -				
Other Agencies	20.505	MPO-CMAP UPP Competitive 3-C Plan (1675105201) 1775103211	145,400	145,400
Unified Work Program Consulting Services	20.505	MPO-CMAP UPP Competitive 3-C Plan 1575103801	130,973	-
Unified Work Program Consulting Services -	20.505	AMPO CHANDADO COMO A CO	100.052	100.072
Other Agencies	20.505	MPO-CMAP UPP Competitive 3-C Plan 1575103801	188,073	188,073
Unified Work Program Consulting Services	20.505	MPO-CMAP UPP Competitive 30C (2015BobS876) 1575102501	141,745	-
Unified Work Program Consulting Services -	20.505	AMO CHARAND C	220.552	220.552
Other Agencies	20.505	MPO-CMAP UPP Competitive 30C (2015BobS876) 1575102501	228,662	228,662
Unified Work Program Consulting Services	20.505	MPO-CMAP Competitive 3-C 14BOB22	244,491	-
Unified Work Program Consulting Services -	20.505	AMPO CIMAR CONTRACTOR A CITARDORA	227.071	227.071
Other Agencies	20.505	MPO-CMAP Competitive 3-C 14BOB22	327,871	327,871
Total pass-through awards			3,902,308	2,419,771
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			3,902,308	2,419,771
Total major programs			3,902,308	2,419,771
NONMAJOR PROGRAMS				
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				
Pass-through programs from:				
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency:				
Lower Salt Creek Watershed-Based Plan	66.454	604151 ((604(b))	79,413	-
Water Quality Management Planning	66.454	604161 ((604(b))	125,594	-
Mill Creek North Watershed-Based Plan	66.454	604171 ((604(b))	70,220	-
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			275,227	-

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-Through Number		Federal spenditure	Amount Provided to Subrecipients
NONMAJOR PROGRAMS (Continued)					
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development					
Pass-through programs from:					
CDBG - Disaster Recovery Grants - Pub. L. No. 113-2 Cluster					
Cook County CDBG	14.260	DD DV D2 01	Φ.	152 (10	Φ.
Disaster Recovery Program	14.269	DR-PL-R2-01	\$	152,610	\$ -
Total CDBG - Disaster Recovery Grants - Pub. L. No. 113-2 Cluster				152,610	
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				152,610	<u>-</u>
U.S. Department of Transportation					
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster					
Pass-through programs from:					
Illinois Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction -					
Council of Mayors	20.205	MPO-CMAP Operations OPN FY18 3-C 1775106601		1,263,540	1,263,540
Unified Work Program for Planning and Programming	20.203	WI O-CWAI Operations of N 1 116 3-C 1773 100001		1,203,340	1,203,340
Transportation Planning Activities	20.205	MPO-CMAP Operations OPN FY18 3-C 1775106601		10,322,542	_
Unified Work Program for Planning and Programming		of		,,- :-	
Transportation Planning Activities	20.205	MPO-CMAP Operations UPP 3-C Plan 1575104001		838,223	-
Total pass-through awards				12,424,305	1,263,540
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster				12,424,305	1,263,540
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				12,424,305	1,263,540
Total nonmajor programs				12,852,142	1,263,540
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	16,754,450	\$ 3,683,311

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

June 30, 2018

Note A - Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). It is a summary of the activity of the Agency's federal awards program prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, expenditures are recognized when the liability has been incurred and revenues are recognized when the qualifying expenditure has been incurred.

Note B - Nonmonetary Assistance

The Agency neither received nor disbursed federal awards in the form of nonmonetary assistance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Note C - Insurance and Loans or Loan Guarantees

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Agency received no insurance, loans, loan guarantees, or other federal assistance for the purposes of administering federal programs.

Note D - Oversight Agency

The U.S. Department of Transportation has been designated as the Agency's oversight agency for the single audit.

Note E - Indirect Cost Rate

The Agency did not elect to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results Financial Statements

Financial Statements						
Type of auditor's report issued:		unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	<u>x</u> no			
Significant deficiency(ies) identified	yes	x_ none reported				
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		yes	<u>x</u> no			
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major federal programs: Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	<u>x</u> no			
Significant deficiency(ies) identified		yes	xnone reported			
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:		unmodified opinion on Metropolitan Transportation Planning and State and Non-Metropolitan Planning and Research				
Any audit findings disclosed that are to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Identification of major federal programmers.	•	yes	<u>x</u> no			
CFDA Number(s)	DA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster					
20.505	Metropolitan Transportation Planning and State and Non- Metropolitan Planning and Research					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B progra	ams:	\$ 750,000				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		<u>x</u> yes <u> </u>				

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Section IV - Prior Year Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None